



STRIKEPOINT GOLD INC.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2021 and 2020

This management's discussion and analysis ("MD&A") reviews the significant activities of Strikepoint Gold Inc. ("Strikepoint" or the "Company") and compares the financial results for the nine months ended September 30, 2021. This MD&A should be read in conjunction with the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 and the related notes thereto, prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard No.34, Interim Financial Reporting. This MD&A should also be read in conjunction with the Company's audited annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2020 and the related notes thereto. All documents previously mentioned are available for viewing on www.sedar.com.

All financial information in this document is prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") and presented in Canadian dollars unless otherwise indicated.

The effective date of this MD&A is November 29, 2021.

Management is responsible for the preparation and integrity of the financial statements, including the maintenance of appropriate information systems, procedures and internal controls. Management is also responsible for ensuring that information disclosed externally, including that within the Company's financial statements and MD&A, is complete and reliable.

This discussion contains forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. Such information, although considered to be accurate and actual results may differ materially from those anticipated in the statements made. Additional information on the Company is available for viewing on SEDAR at www.sedar.com and on the Company's website at www.strikepointgold.com.

CORPORATE SUMMARY

StrikePoint is an exploration-stage Company engaged in the acquisition, exploration and development of mineral properties of merit in Canada with the aim of developing them to a stage where they can be exploited at a profit or arranging joint ventures whereby other companies provide funding for development and exploitation.

The Company's head office is located at Suite 300- 1055 W Hastings St. Vancouver, BC V6E 2E9.

The Company trades on the TSX Venture Exchange under the trading symbol "SKP". In May 2017, the Company began trading in the United States on the OTCQB under the symbol "STKXF".

Outlook

StrikePoint Gold has completed extensive exploration programs throughout the 2021 field season at its two advanced-stage exploration properties in BC's prolific Golden Triangle. The program included approximately 5,000 meters of diamond drilling and 150 meters of channel sampling. The majority of activity was focused on the Willoughby gold silver property. The goal is to unlock the upside potential of both the Porter and Willoughby properties. The Company will continue to acquire, divest, and explore mineral properties with the goal of creating value for shareholders.

Highlights:

- On January 21, 2021, new veins and vein extensions were reported at the Porter property with assays of up to 3,840 g/t silver.
- On February 3, 2021, the Company highlighted 10.04 g/t gold over 7.72 meters in diamond drilling at the Willoughby property. Six drill holes totalling 1,715 meters returned positive assay results including 40 meters of 3 g/t gold at Edge zone.
- During Q1 - 2021, the Company received proceeds totalling \$659,600 in conjunction with the exercise of stock options and share purchase warrants.
- On June 7, 2021, StrikePoint announced the sale of the Angelina property to 1911 Gold Corp. in exchange for 175,000 shares of AUMB: TSX.V, \$20,000 cash and retained a 1% NSR.
- On June 16, 2021, the Company begins exploration at both Willoughby and Porter.
- During June 2021, the Company received gross proceeds of \$4,512,500 in conjunction with the closing of a non-brokered private placement consisting of 18,050,000 flow-through common share units at a price of \$0.25 per unit. Each unit was comprised of one common share and ½ non-flow-through share purchase warrant, with each full warrant exercisable at \$0.35 per share, for an 18 month period.
- StrikePoint commenced drilling at the Willoughby property on July 7, 2021.
- On August 31, 2021, the Company announced that a second drill rig was being stationed at the Porter silver property.
- Twenty-three diamond drill holes were completed: 17 at Willoughby for 4,049 meters and 6 at Porter for 800 meters.
- 182 surface samples were taken during the 2021 field season, focused on areas previously covered by ice.
- The 2021 field season ended September 26, 2021.

Coronavirus Pandemic

The current outbreak of COVID-19 and any future emergence and spread of similar pathogens could have an adverse impact on global economic conditions, which may adversely impact the Company's operations, and the operations of its suppliers, contractors and service providers, the ability to obtain financing and maintain necessary liquidity, and the ability to explore the Company's properties. The outbreak of COVID-19 and political upheavals in various countries have caused significant volatility in commodity prices. While these effects are expected to be temporary, the duration of the business disruptions internationally, and related financial impact, cannot be reasonably estimated at this time.

Similarly, the Company cannot estimate whether, or to what extent, this outbreak and the potential financial impact may extend to countries outside of those currently impacted. Travel bans and other government restrictions may also adversely impact the Company's operations and the ability of the Company to advance its projects. In particular, if any employees or consultants of the Company become infected with Coronavirus or similar pathogens and/or the Company is unable to source necessary consumables or supplies, due to government restrictions or otherwise, it could have a material negative impact on the Company's operations and prospects, including the complete shutdown of one or more of its exploration programs. The situation is dynamic and changing day-to-day. The Company is exploring several options to deal with any repercussions that may occur as a result of the COVID-19 outbreak. (see COVID-19 Safety Plan section below).

Property & Subsidiary Acquisitions and Disposals

During April 2019, the Company acquired a 100% interest in the Willoughby property, located in northwestern British Columbia, from ArcWest Exploration Inc. ("ArcWest") (formerly Sojourn Exploration Inc.), a Canadian public company, for cash payments of \$10,000 (paid) and \$75,000 (paid) and the issuance of 3,000,000 common shares of the Company (issued and valued at \$420,000). During fiscal 2020, additional consideration of \$40,000 was paid in conjunction with the property purchase agreement. See Willoughby Property section below.

On January 22, 2020, the Company acquired Mount Rainey Silver Inc. ("Mount Rainey"), in conjunction with the acquisition of the Porter Idaho Property. Mount Rainey is the holder of the Porter Idaho Property and, as per the terms of the mineral property agreement, the Company completed the acquisition of Mount Rainey and title to the Porter Idaho property with a final payment of \$750,000, by way of the issuance of 15,000,000 common shares of the Company to Skeena Resources Ltd. ("Skeena") made on January 22, 2020.

During June 2021, the Company sold its Angelina property to 1911 Gold Corp. ("1911"), a Canadian public company, for consideration comprised of a cash payment of \$20,000 (received) and the receipt of 150,000 common shares of 1911 with a value of \$77,000 (received).

Private Placements

On June 30, 2021, the Company completed a non-brokered private placement for gross proceeds of \$4,512,500, consisting of 18,050,000 flow-through common share units at a price of \$0.25 per unit. Each unit was comprised of one common share and ½ non-flow-through share purchase warrant, with each full warrant exercisable at \$0.35 per share, for an 18 month period. The Company recognized a flow through premium liability of \$902,500 on issuance. To September 30, 2021, the Company expended \$1,869,084 of the \$4,512,500 flow-through funds raised on eligible exploration expenditures and, accordingly, the flow-through liability of \$902,500 was derecognized by the amount of \$373,817. In conjunction with the completion of the private placement, the Company incurred finder's fees of \$235,200 and issued 972,000 finder's warrants with the same attributes as the unit warrants.

In October and November 2020, the Company completed non-brokered private placements for gross proceeds of \$5,282,995 consisting of 9,523,812 flow-through common share units at a price of \$0.21 per unit and 21,886,638 non-flow-through common share units at a price of \$0.15 per unit. Each unit was comprised of one common share and one share purchase warrant. Each warrant entitles the holder to acquire one common share of the Company at a price of \$0.25 per share for a two-year period. Finders' fees payable in connection with the financing consisted of \$75,597 cash and 389,694 finder's warrants. The Company recognized a flow through premium liability of \$571,429 on issuance. To September 30, 2021, the Company expended \$2,000,000 of the \$2,000,000 flow-through funds raised on eligible exploration expenditures and, accordingly, the flow-through liability was derecognized by the amount of \$571,429. In connection with the non-brokered private placement, the Company issued 1,380,000 units to a finder. The finder's warrants, forming a part of the finder's units, are exercisable on the same terms as the unit warrants.

In July 2020, the Company completed a non-brokered private placement, for gross proceeds of \$1,955,000, through the issuance of 23,000,000 units to a single subscriber, Mr. Eric Sprott, at a price of \$0.085 per unit. Each unit is comprised one common share of the Company and one-half share purchase warrant, with each whole warrant entitling the holder to acquire an additional common share of the Company at a price of \$0.12 per share for a period of 24 months.

British Columbia Properties

2021 Exploration Program

Willoughby Property:

Exploration programs commenced on StrikePoint's 100% owned Willoughby gold-silver in June of 2021. The drilling campaign had three primary objectives: 1) to follow up on 2020 high-grade drill intercepts (see Strikepoint news release dated Feb. 3, 2021, 10.0 grams per tonne (g/t) gold over 7.72 metres); 2) to test for extensions along strike of the Edge Zone mineralization discovered during the 2020 surface sampling program; and 3) to test for connections between mineralized zones identified from recent and historic drilling programs at the south end of the nunatak. The ongoing drilling may potentially lead to an initial resource estimate for the Willoughby Property.

In addition to drilling over 4,000 meters in 17 diamond drill holes, the Company collected 150 meters of surface channel samples and 23 surface grab samples and completed detailed 1:1,000 mapping. Assay results are pending.

Porter Property:

Drilling commenced on the past producing Porter silver property in August. Targets included testing extension along strike of high-grade silver mineralization in shoots intersected in historic drill holes at the past producing Prosperity, Blind, and D-veins.

800 meters of drilling in 7 diamond drill holes were completed at the Porter silver project and 7 grab samples were collected while conducting surface reconnaissance. Assay results are pending.

2020 Exploration Program

Willoughby Property:

Phase I work on the property began in early July 2020, with the intended goal of the program being to refine and prioritize drill targets to be tested during a second phase of exploration. Surface work focused on refining existing drill targets and identifying new priority areas along and across strike from known prospects. Work included mapping and channeling sampling in key areas.

On August 10, 2020, the Company commenced a diamond drill program at the Willoughby property. The focus of 2020 exploration had set out two objectives: first, to improve continuity of high-grade mineralization at Willoughby by targeting structural traps and second, test broad zones of early-Jurassic, intrusive-related disseminated gold mineralization similar to the large deposits at Seabridge's KSM and Iskut Properties, Pretium's Snowfield deposit and Tudor/Teuton/American Creek's exciting new Treaty Creek discovery.

Extensive surface sampling was completed, targeting high-grade, newly exposed mineralization, and 290 surface samples have been collected. In addition, over 1,700 meters of drilling in 6 holes was completed on the property.

On December 14, 2020, the company reported surface samples of up to 37.3 g/t gold and 263 g/t silver in new areas of massive sulphide and veining. The company assayed 232 grab samples and channel samples. Surface mapping and sampling was completed at the Edge, Wilkie, Wilby and Upper Icefall zones. Massive to semi massive pyrite-sphalerite-chalcopyrite in veins and replacement style mineralization was discovered at the Edge zone.

The company reported final drill assays from the Willoughby property on February 2, 2021. The Company completed 1,715 meters in 6 holes, 4 tested disseminated gold-silver at Wilby zone and 2 tested high grade intrusive related mineralization at the Edge zone. All holes successfully intercepted gold and silver, most notably W20-106 intersected 4.19 grams per tonne Au over 27.78 meters.

Porter Property:

Primary exploration goal at the Porter property was to discover new silver veins in order to connect the Silverado mine on the north side with the Prosperity/Porter Idaho mines on the south side of the mineralized structural corridor.

September 9, 2020 marked the initiation of surface exploration of the property. Exploration focused on completing north-south to northwest-southeast traverses along shear structures containing the bulk of the silver-rich mineralization at Porter, working from a known area of mineralization and extending continuity along strike. A total of 82 grab samples and 90 field stations were taken.

On January 21, 2021, the Company reported discovering new veins and extension of up to 3,840 g/t silver at the Porter property. A 250-meter new mineralization trend was encountered parallel to the past producing Prosperity vein. The D vein was extended 200 meters to the North. New surface vein expressions were noted at the Silverado workings.

Digitization of all historic workings at Porter Idaho have been completed utilizing both GEM & Leapfrog. All contractors and consultants have been secured for the 2021 exploration program.

Willoughby Property:

During April 2019, the Company acquired a 100% interest in the Willoughby property, situated approximately 30 kilometres east of Stewart, B.C., and 20 kilometres northeast of Strikepoint's Porter property, from ArcWest Exploration Inc. ("ArcWest") (formerly Sojourn Exploration Inc.), a Canadian public company, for cash payments totalling \$85,000 (paid) and the issuance of 3,000,000 common shares (issued). ArcWest will retain a 1.5% net smelter return, which can be reduced by 0.50% for an additional \$1,000,000 cash payment.

The acquisition of the Willoughby property complements the Porter project and other ground staked in 2018 by strengthening the known mineral inventory and providing significant exploration upside all within a localized and accessible area of British Columbia. The Willoughby property provides an opportunity for exploration without significantly expanding established camp infrastructure or other overhead costs.

The 2019 Willoughby drill program undertaken by the Company's technical team, led by project manager Marilyne Lacasse, was incident-free, completed on-time and on-budget. The team successfully met all objectives of the program. Strikepoint has validated the high-grade nature of gold mineralization, extended the known zones by over 100 metres, developed a strong geological model and have encountered new high-grade surface mineralization on the margins of newly exposed, ice-free areas.

2019 Drilling Summary:

Phase I – North Zone drilling:

Drill hole W19-097 tested historical grade continuity and stacked mineralized zones. High-grade intervals of 72.2 grams per tonne gold and 55 grams per tonne silver over 1.33 metres, 22.30 grams per tonne gold and 347 grams per tonne silver over 1.27 metres, and 17.9 grams per tonne gold and 22 grams per tonne silver over one metre within 5.29 grams per tonne gold and 34.93 grams per tonne silver over 4.15 metres infilled the historical intercepts and provided additional structural understanding from the oriented measurements collected during core logging. Robust intervals of 4.91 grams per tonne gold and 27.79 grams per tonne silver over five metres and 3.72 grams per tonne gold and 44.38 grams per tonne silver over 2.33 metres highlighted new high-grade mineralized zones 10 and 40 metres down dip, respectively, from historical intercepts at the North zone.

The North zone mineralized trend consists of repetitive stacked lenses of calcite-pyrite to pyrite-sphalerite-galena veins intersecting with prominent north-striking, shallowly east-dipping fault zones with milled sulphides and an east-striking, moderately north-dipping oxidized fault set with oblique reverse sinistral kinematics within an early-Jurassic biotite-phyric diorite thought to be part of the Goldslide intrusive suite that hosts the adjacent Red Mountain deposit. The intersection of the two fault structures may localize high-grade gold mineralization in areas.

Phase 2 -- Wilby zone drilling

Drill holes W19-098, W19-100 and W19-101 stepped out 20 metres from the Northern Deep lense and confirmed historical grades. Significant intervals include: 2.45 grams per tonne gold and 28.76 grams per tonne silver over 6.37 metres; 3.26 grams per tonne gold and 2.47 grams per tonne silver over 7.02 metres; 2.16 grams per tonne gold and 26.49 grams per tonne silver over 12.52 metres; and 2.02 grams per tonne gold and 3.33 grams per tonne silver over three metres. The results show broader, lower-grade intercepts than the North zone and are interpreted to be part of the same system. The Wilby zone is located south of, and 400 metres lower in elevation than, the North zone. Mineralization at Wilby consists primarily of replacement-style massive pyrrhotite-pyrite-sphalerite and minor galena, and massive calcite-pyrrhotite-pyrite-sphalerite-galena veins hosted within the Lower Jurassic sediment package with distal interaction of biotite-phyric diorite sills.

Porter Idaho (Porter Project)

During August 2018, (and amended February 11, 2019), the Company completed an acquisition agreement regarding the Porter Idaho property, near Stewart, British Columbia, from Skeena Resources Limited (TSXV: SKE) ("Skeena") (the "Porter Idaho Transaction"), whereby the Company will purchase the property indirectly through the acquisition of all of the shares of Mount Rainey Silver Inc., a wholly-owned subsidiary of Skeena.

The terms of the Transaction were as follows:

- \$1,521,000 payable in cash to Skeena (\$250,000 was paid on completion of the Porter Idaho Transaction and \$521,000 was paid during the year ended December 31, 2019), with the final \$750,000 to be paid by December 31, 2019 in cash or in the equivalent value of common shares or special warrants of the Company, at the Company's election (issued 15,000,000 common shares on January 22, 2020);
- issuance to Skeena of 7,100,000 Strikepoint common shares (issued August 15, 2018) ;
- issuance to Skeena of 2,400,000 special warrants of Strikepoint (issued August 15, 2018 and converted July 30, 2019). The special warrants had a five-year term. Each special warrant was convertible into one common share of the Company for no additional consideration at the time of conversion.
- grant of 1% NSR on the property with the option to buy back 0.5% at a price of \$750,000.

The acquisition of Mount Rainey Silver Inc. closed on January 22, 2020, with the issuance of 15 million common shares valued at \$750,000, as final payment for the acquisition.

The Porter Idaho Property contains two shear hosted silver-rich vein systems: the Silverado and Prosperity-Porter Idaho. The showings are 2 kilometres apart, located on opposite sides of Mt. Rainey, overlooking the town of Stewart. The Project is strategically located at the head of the Portland Canal, a deep-water port with year-round, ice-free access.

Since the initial discovery of silver mineralization on Mt. Rainey in the early 1900's, most of the work was focused on the Prosperity-Porter Idaho veins, where mineralization is hosted in six dipping parallel shear zones tracked on surface for 200 meters and one kilometre down dip with widths between 2 and 13 meters. The vein system was mined between 1929 and 1931 and produced 27,123 tonnes with recovered grades of 2,542 grams per tonne ("g/t" silver (73.8 oz/ton) and 1 g/t gold (yielding approximately 2.2 million ounces of silver). The ore was shipped to the port at Stewart via aerial tramway.

The Porter Idaho Project contains an historical Indicated Resource of 394,700 tonnes grading 868 g/t silver, 3.37% lead and 1.41% zinc (435,000 tons @ 25.2 oz/ton silver or a contained 11 million ounces) and an Inferred Resource of 88,900 tonnes grading 595 g/t silver (97,900 tons @ 17.3 oz/ton silver or a contained 1.7 million ounces).

Porter Idaho Project Historical Resource Estimate			
@ 170 g/t Ag cut-off		Avg. Grades	Contained Metal
Category	Tonnes	Ag (g/t)	Ag (oz)
Indicated	394,700	868	11,000,000
Inferred	88,900	595	1,700,000

Estimates of mineral resources are dated March 10, 2008 and were prepared by independent consulting geologist N.C. Carter, Ph.D., P. Eng. for Raimount Energy Inc. and re-stated for Mount Rainey Silver Inc. on May 15, 2012. The foregoing estimates made use of an extensive database detailing results of both underground sampling programs as well as surface and underground diamond drilling and were prepared pursuant to CIM Standards on Mineral Resources and Reserves. Nevertheless, the reader is cautioned that a Qualified Person on behalf of StrikePoint has not done sufficient work to verify either the underlying sampling data or the calculation methodology to consider this to be a current resource and as a result, StrikePoint is treating this mineral resource as an Historical Estimate, as defined in National Instrument 43-101. StrikePoint has not yet determined what work needs to be completed in order to upgrade or verify the Historical Estimate.

The property has a three-year exploration permit in place which, upon completion of an environmental assessment, allows for exploration work on the site, including surface mapping, sampling and diamond drilling. The permit also allowed for the establishment of a 15-person exploration camp on the property.

The Golden Triangle is an area of northwestern British Columbia that has seen extensive historic mining and prospecting activity, and has recently been the site of modern discoveries, including the Premier Gold, Snip and Eskay Creek Mines. The area has seen a resurgence in infrastructure investment which supports exploration activities, including upgraded transmission lines supplying clean, affordable and reliable hydroelectric power. Other recent improvements include highway upgrades, new ocean port infrastructure at the ice-free port of Stewart and the commissioning of three hydroelectric facilities.

Handsome Jack

During August 2018, the Company completed an acquisition agreement with Trifecta Gold Ltd. (TSXV: TG) ("Trifecta") to purchase the Handsome Jack property, adjacent to the Porter Idaho property, near Stewart, British Columbia (the "Transaction"). The terms of the Transaction were as follows:

- \$25,000 payable in cash to Trifecta (paid on closing of the Transaction);
- issuance to Trifecta of 250,000 Strikepoint common shares (issued on closing of the Transaction); and
- grant of 1% NSR on the property with the option to buy back 0.5% at a price of \$500,000.

The Handsome Jack property forms a contiguous land package adjacent to the eastern border of the recently acquired Porter Idaho property. The main known feature within the property is the Melvin adit which was last worked in the 1920s and is assumed to intersect the northerly strike extension of the Angelo vein within the Porter Idaho property. Ore from this adit returned up to 4,286 g/t silver during its production, but outside of this exploration work has been cursory. Both the Melvin and Angelo veins are visible at surface, but the area between them was historically obscured by ice and so the apparent alignment has never been prospected in the field.

Additionally, a two-day program in 1991 identified a 300-metre by 200-metre gossanous zone with anomalous silver, lead and zinc referred to as the GEE2 showing. Commercially available aerial imagery shows additional gossanous areas of interest within the Handsome Jack property that have never been explored, largely due to the extensive ice coverage that existed up until the last decade.

This was a strategic acquisition for the Company as it allows for expansive exploration of the area, including prospective parallel systems to Prosperity-Porter as well as the supposed connections with the Silverado mine.

Big, Bada and Boom

During September, 2018, the Company acquired, by staking, the Big, Bada and Boom properties contiguous to its Porter Idaho and Handsome Jack properties near Stewart, BC. Staking costs totaled \$2,547.

These new blocks of claims total 20.5 square kilometres and bring the entire property to 33 square kilometres. Acquiring this additional property also gives Strikepoint access to all the major exposures of rocks around the periphery of this section of the Cambria icefield. Ice cover in this area has reduced by 30 to 40 per cent since the 1980s, and so many of these exposures have never been prospected.

Yukon Properties

In January 2017, the Company entered into a Definitive Agreement ("Agreement") with IDM Mining Ltd. ("IDM") to acquire its portfolio of Yukon properties. In March 2017, the Company completed the purchase of the Yukon properties. As consideration, the Company paid \$150,000 in cash, issued 10,500,000 common shares and granted IDM an equity participation right, allowing IDM to maintain its pro-rata interest in the Company and a right of first refusal for two years on the sale of any of the Yukon properties. These properties are subject to certain other underlying royalties.

The Yukon portfolio consists of 14,031 claims covering 22 properties in 46 claim groups totalling 282,000 hectares and are grouped together under the following sections:

- Pluto
- Golden Oly & PDM
- Mahtin (sold during the current quarter)
- Kluane
- Dawson
- Ross River

The Yukon properties cover multiple tectonic and metallogenic environments as well as a variety of mineral deposit styles common in Yukon. The properties were previously held by Ryan Gold Corp. ("Ryan Gold") and its subsidiaries, and received significant exploration work, with approximately \$25 million (as disclosed in Ryan Gold's 2014 year end MD&A) in expenditures incurred. The properties have limited holding costs. Previous work by Ryan Gold included significant exploration drill programs on two of the properties, with tens of thousands of rock and soil samples collected during grass-roots exploration programs in several districts throughout Yukon. Additionally, geophysical surveys and geologic mapping programs have outlined many anomalous areas that have not received follow-up work.

In the later part of 2018, the Company was awarded Class 3 Exploration Permit for each of the Golden-Oly and Pluto properties. All major exploration targets within the Yukon portfolio now hold five year exploration permits for work.

Golden-Oly

Golden-Oly is a large assemblage of claims, measuring 45 by 30 kilometres in size and has six targets identified through an aerial geophysical program conducted in 2012. It lies along the North Canal Road and is close to the border with the Northwest Territories. Traditionally, this area has been explored with a focus more on tungsten and zinc, but from the work undertaken across the project, there are several gold targets.

During the summer of 2017, the Company completed extensive mapping and sampling (76 grab samples) focus was on Colossus target, one of the seven targets highlighted in 2012 on the Golden-Oly and PDM properties. During 2018, twenty-two grab samples from the 600-meter-long Helios Vein, a 0.3 metre wide polymetallic quartz vein discovered in 2018, returned grades 1 to 3.75 g/t gold, trace to 1,150 g/t silver and one sample at 2.94% copper. Diamond drilling in 2018 at Colossus included 682 meters in three holes. The original program was to include a fence of nine holes across the intrusion to test mineralization across the margins and within the granodioritic body itself was but was cut short due to administrative delays in permitting from Yukon Government. The Company has now received the necessary permits for completion of the test fence at Colossus.

PDM

The PDM property has had a history of exploration going back to 1967, although most of this has been basic soils and mapping with little consistency. Strategic Metals held the property between 2007 and 2008 and undertook a diamond drilling program, but it appears that each of the three holes missed the target area. The current land package is also more extensive than held in the past, so the additional data collected across a larger area have assisted in a broader understanding of the potential.

Additional surface work was completed in 2018 to expand on the results from 2017. A total of 96 surface samples were collected during the season, with results from trace to 3.39 g/t gold, trace to 94.5 g/t silver and trace to 2.67% copper. The combined 2017 and 2018 results highlight a strong copper-gold anomaly that is 500 meters by 500 meters in size, accompanied by intermittently mineralized veins projecting several kilometers out into the country rock.

Pluto

The Pluto property is in the Kluane region and is one of the largest in this portfolio, approximately 40 by 30 kilometres in size. Pluto sits relatively close to the latest discoveries in the White Gold district and is aligned along strike with this group of projects, including Goldcorp's Coffee project, which was acquired from Kaminak for \$520-million, and Kinross's White Gold project, which was acquired from Underworld for \$140-million. Initial analysis of

the geology seems to show a unique mineralizing system for the area, the formation of skarns in contact with large, regional ring dike volcanic features.

The presence of a shallowly dipping limestone unit in the local lithology has become a focus for mineralization when intercepted by dikes of rhyolitic/dacitic material. The skarns subsequently produce anomalous gold-in-soil results where they outcrop in the sides of the valleys, which indicate that there is volume potential of the mineralization, a hypothesis that was drill tested in 2017. A total of 1,294 metres of RAB drilling was completed in 2017 on the Charon and Hydra targets.

Quality assurance/quality control

The Company maintains a rigorous QA/QC program with respect to the preparation, shipping, analysis and checking of all samples and data from the properties. Quality control for field sampling and drill samples at the Company's projects covers the complete chain of custody of samples, including sample handling procedures and analytical-related work, plus the insertion of standard and blank materials.

Samples are submitted to the ALS Geochemistry facility in Terrace, British Columbia, for preparation and subsequently to the ALS Geochemistry facility in North Vancouver for analysis. The ALS facility is accredited to the ISO/IEC 17025 standard for gold assays, and all analytical methods include quality control materials at set frequencies with established data acceptance criteria. The entire sample is crushed, split into a representative sub-sample using a riffle splitter, and subsequently, 250g is pulverized. Analysis for gold is by 30g fire assay fusion with atomic absorption (AAS) finish with a lower limit of 0.005 ppm and an upper limit of 10ppm. Samples with gold assays greater than 10ppm are re-analyzed using a 30g fire assay fusion with a gravimetric finish. Analysis for silver is by 30g fire assay fusion with gravimetric finish with a lower limit of 0.5ppm and an upper limit of 100ppm. Samples with silver assays greater than 100ppm are re-analyzed using a gravimetric silver concentrate method. All samples are also analyzed using a 33 multi-elemental geochemical package by 4-acid digestion (ICP-AES).

Drill core samples for the 2021 exploration program were all NQ sized (47.6 mm diameter) drill core labelled, sawn in half, with one-half placed in sealed bags, and shipped with a chain of custody controls to the laboratory. All the Willoughby and Porter-Idaho drill core drilled by StrikePoint Gold Inc. is securely stored in Stewart, BC. The Golden-Oly drill core is stored on-site at the former, now rehabilitated, Golden-Oly camp.

Qualified Person

The technical information for the Company's Yukon and British Columbia properties included in this MD&A has been approved by Andrew Hamilton, P. Geo. Mr. Hamilton is a qualified person as defined in National Instrument 43-101 Standards of Disclosure for Mineral Properties.

COVID-19 SAFETY PLAN

In March of 2020, the World Health Organization ("WHO") declared a global pandemic related to COVID-19. The Company is committed to protecting the health and safety of its workforce and the communities in which it operates. Strikepoint's 2020 field season operated in compliance with the guidelines established by the Provincial Health Officer.

Strikepoint has developed and implemented a COVID-19 Safety Plan to minimize the risk of COVID-19 exposure for its employees, their families and the residents of the community of Stewart, BC.

The exploration team and its operations are based out of the community of Stewart, BC. The program in 2020 kept travel to and from the community to a minimum by drawing on the local workforce when possible and having workers brought in and stay for longer work cycles.

To date, there have been no significant interruptions to the Company's supply chain or service providers. Assay turnaround has been slowed by COVID-19 related procedures at the assay lab. The Company will continue to move forward its 2020 exploration program in these challenging conditions while monitoring the situation and ensuring backup plans are in place for potential disruptions.

Strikepoint's health and safety staff have procedures in place, including daily screening of all workers for symptoms of COVID-19, to ensure that in case a possible exposure to COVID-19 occurs, it will be quickly contained. The work force has been divided into work pods. If anyone in a particular work pod exhibits symptoms of COVID-19 (e.g. fever, cough, shortness of breath, difficulty breathing and/or chills), the whole pod is put in isolation until their test results for COVID-19 are back and reported as negative. While in isolation, the worker will be quarantined in a house rented specifically for that person. The quarantined worker may not leave the house. The COVID-19 coordinator will deliver food and other necessities as well as do wellness checks on the worker to ensure symptoms have not escalated.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Three months ended September 30, 2021

During the three months ended September 30, 2021 (the "current period"), the Company incurred a loss of \$2,924,044, compared to \$3,268,277 during the three months ended September 30, 2020 (the "comparative period"). The significant variances between the current period and the comparative periods are as follows:

Exploration costs

During the current period, the Company incurred \$3,368,802 of exploration expenditures on the Willoughby and Porter properties, mainly comprised of \$1,724,999 for drilling and assaying costs, \$302,762 for field costs, \$94,583 for geological services, \$276,481 for geological personnel, and \$969,977 for helicopter and fuel costs. During the comparative period, the Company incurred \$1,354,482 of exploration expenditures on the Willoughby property, comprised of drilling, field costs, geological consulting services and helicopter costs.

Realized loss on marketable securities

During the comparative period, the Company incurred a realized loss on marketable securities of \$196,920, a result of the sale of its remaining American Creek and Sitka shares.

Unrealized loss on marketable securities

During the current period, the Company incurred an unrealized loss on marketable securities of \$29,000 (2020 - \$461,172).

Share-based payments

During the current period, the Company recorded share-based payments expense of \$71,806 relating to the granting of 500,000 stock options.

Flow-through share premium reversal

During the current period, the Company incurred qualifying exploration expenditures totalling \$3,314,802. As a result, the flow-through share premium liability of \$571,429 (recorded as at December 31, 2020 on the \$2,000,000 flow-through private placement proceeds) was derecognized by a further amount of \$413,063 and the flow-through share premium liability of \$902,500 (recorded as at June 30, 2021 on the \$4,512,500 flow-through private placement proceeds) was derecognized by the amount of \$373,817.

Nine months ended September 30, 2021

During the nine months ended September 30, 2021 (the "current nine-month period"), the Company recorded a loss of \$4,837,915, compared to \$3,096,029 during the nine months ended September 30, 2020 (the "comparative nine-month period"). The significant variances between the current period and the comparative period are as follows:

Exploration costs

During the current nine-month period, the Company incurred \$4,016,085 of exploration expenditures on the Willoughby and Porter properties, mainly comprised of \$1,886,788 for drilling and assaying costs, \$422,771 for field

costs, \$212,896 for geological services, \$380,181 for geological personnel, and \$1,113,449 for helicopter and fuel costs.

During the comparative nine-month period, the Company incurred \$1,448,099 of exploration expenditures on the Willoughby property, mainly comprised of drilling, field costs, geological consulting services and Helicopter costs.

Property acquisition costs

During the comparative nine-month period, the Company issued 15,000,000 common shares with a value of \$750,000 pursuant to the final acquisition payment of the Porter Idaho property and paid \$40,000 for additional compensation for the Willoughby property.

Gain on sale of mineral properties

During the comparative nine-month period, the Company sold its Mahtin and Glacier Creek properties and recorded a gain on the sale of \$710,000. During the current nine-month period, the Company sold its Angelina property and recorded a gain on sale of \$97,000.

Realized gain on marketable securities

During the comparative nine-month period, the Company recorded a realized gain on marketable securities of \$88,048 in conjunction with the sale of American Creek and Skeena shares that were received during January 2020 in conjunction with the sale of mineral properties (see Property Sales section above).

Share-based payments

During the current nine-month period, share-based payments expense of \$1,203,623 was recorded relating to the granting of 7,350,000 stock options.

During the comparative nine-month period, share-based payments expense of \$1,052,800 was recorded relating to the granting of 9,475,000 stock options.

Flow-through share premium reversal

During the current nine-month period, the Company incurred qualifying exploration expenditures totalling \$3,869,084. As a result, the flow-through share premium liability of \$571,429 (recorded as at December 31, 2020 on the \$2,000,000 flow-through private placement proceeds) was derecognized by the amount of \$571,429 and the flow-through share premium liability of \$902,500 (recorded as at June 30, 2021 on the \$4,512,500 flow-through private placement proceeds) was derecognized by the amount of \$373,817.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

As at September 30, 2021, the Company had current assets of \$7,096,004 (December 31, 2020 - \$6,328,634) (which included cash and equivalents of \$6,684,801 (December 31, 2020 - \$6,204,877) (of which \$5,958,218 must be spent on qualifying exploration expenditures through to December 31, 2022), total assets of \$7,145,004 (December 31, 2020 - \$6,377,634) and total liabilities of \$1,171,560 (December 31, 2020 - \$746,298), of which \$528,683 (December 31, 2020 - \$571,429) relates to flow-through share premium liabilities. As at September 30, 2021, the Company had no long-term debt outstanding. There are no known trends in the Company's liquidity or capital resources.

The Company has financed its operations to date primarily through the sale of mineral properties, issuance of common shares, and exercise of stock options and share purchase warrants. The Company continues to seek capital through various means including the issuance of equity and/or debt.

The Company has not paid any dividends on its common shares. The Company has no present intention of paying dividends on its common shares, as it anticipates that all available funds will be invested to finance the growth of its business.

During January, 2020, in conjunction with the sale of two mineral properties, the Company received proceeds comprised of \$50,000 cash plus common shares of the purchasers with a value of \$660,000.

During July 2020, the Company completed a non-brokered private placement to a single subscriber by issuing 23,000,000 units, at a price of \$0.085 per unit, for gross proceeds of \$1,955,000. (See Private Placements section above).

During October and November 2020, the Company completed three non-brokered private placements for gross proceeds of \$5,282,995 by way of the issuance of 9,523,812 flow-through common share units at \$0.21 per unit and 21,886,638 non-flow-through common share units at \$0.15 per unit (see Private Placements section above).

During the year ended December 31, 2020, the Company received \$347,500 from the exercise of 4,250,000 stock options and \$80,000 from the exercise of warrants.

During June, 2021, the Company completed a non-brokered private placement for gross proceeds of \$4,512,500 by way of the issuance of 18,050,000 flow-through common share units at \$0.25 per unit (see Private Placements section above).

During the nine months ended September 30, 2021, the Company received \$579,600 from the exercise of 2,898,000 warrants and \$80,000 from the exercise of 400,000 stock options.

During June 2021, the Company sold its Angelina property to 1911 Gold Corp. ("1911"), a Canadian public company, for consideration comprised of a cash payment of \$20,000 (received) and the receipt of 150,000 common shares of 1911 with a value of \$77,000 (received).

The continuing operations of the Company are dependent upon its ability to continue to raise adequate financing and/or commence profitable operations in the future. As at September 30, 2021, the Company has an accumulated deficit of \$53,421,340 and has working capital of \$6,453,127 (excluding flow-through share premium liabilities of \$528,683). The Company's current forecast indicates that it will have sufficient cash available for the next year to continue as a going concern. However, additional financing will be required to carry out exploration and development of its properties.

In March 2020, the World Health Organization declared coronavirus COVID-19 a global pandemic. This contagious disease outbreak and any related adverse public health developments may adversely affect workforces, economies, and financial markets globally, potentially leading to an economic downturn. It is not possible for the Company to predict the duration or magnitude of the adverse results of the outbreak and its effects on the Company's business or results of operations at this time.

Summary of Quarterly Results

Three months ended (\$)	2019 Q4	2020 Q1	2020 Q2	2020 Q3	2020 Q4	2021 Q1	2021 Q2	2021 Q3
Income (loss)	(298,257)	(700,407)	872,655	(3,268,277)	(588,927)	(511,140)	(1,402,731)	(2,924,044)
Income (loss) per share	(0.00)	(0.01)	0.01	(0.02)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)

Fluctuations in quarterly results

- Loss for the Q4 2019 period totalled \$298,257 and is mainly comprised of \$182,682 for exploration costs, as well as operating costs, which were consistent with previous quarters within fiscal 2019, totalling \$336,275.
- Loss for the Q1 2020 period totalled \$700,407 and is mainly comprised of \$750,000 for property acquisition costs, exploration expenses of \$69,855, share-based payments of \$89,183, an unrealized loss on investments of \$330,000, and a gain on the sale of mineral properties of \$710,000. General operating costs were consistent with previous quarters.

- Income for the Q2 2020 period totalled \$872,655 and is mainly comprised of a realized gain on marketable securities of \$284,968 and an unrealized gain on marketable securities of \$791,172. General operating costs were consistent with previous quarters.
- Loss for the Q3 2020 period totalled \$3,268,277 and is mainly comprised of a realized loss on the sale of marketable securities of \$196,920, an unrealized loss on marketable securities of \$461,172, share-based compensation expense of \$926,074 and exploration expenses of \$1,354,482. General operating costs were consistent with previous quarters.
- Loss for the Q4 2020 period totalled \$588,927 and is mainly comprised of consulting fees of \$211,769 and exploration costs of \$25,739. Remaining general operating costs were consistent with previous quarters.
- Loss for the Q1 2021 period totalled \$511,140 and is mainly comprised of share-based payments expense of \$289,877 and exploration costs of \$83,501. Remaining general operating costs were consistent with previous quarters.
- Loss for the Q2 2021 period totalled \$1,402,731 and is mainly comprised of share-based payments expense of \$841,940 and exploration costs of \$563,782. Remaining general operating costs were consistent with previous quarters.
- Loss for the Q3 2021 period totalled \$2,924,044 and is mainly comprised of share-based payments expense of \$71,806 and exploration costs of \$3,368,802. Remaining general operating costs were consistent with previous quarters.

Commitments

The Company is required to incur exploration expenditures on its mineral claims to meet the conditions of holding its mineral rights and keep the mineral leases in good standing. Each provincial jurisdiction imposes expenditure requirements which vary from province to province and from year to year.

Transactions with Related Parties

During the nine months ended September 30, 2021, the Company entered into the following transactions with related parties:

- a) Paid or accrued management fees of \$185,000 (2020 - \$155,000) to the CEO of the Company.
- b) Paid or accrued professional fees of \$72,500 (2020 - \$58,500) to a company controlled by the Corporate Secretary of the Company.
- c) Paid or accrued geological consulting fees of \$27,000 (2020 - \$27,000) to a company controlled by a director of the Company and \$591,710 (2020 - \$273,128) to a company controlled by the Company's vice-president of exploration.
- d) Incurred share-based payment expense of \$607,586 (2020 - \$Nil) to directors and officers of the Company.

Key management personnel compensation disclosed above (including senior officers and certain directors of the Company):

	September 30, 2021	September 30, 2020
Short-term benefits	\$ 1,483,796	\$ 513,628

Critical accounting estimates, judgments and assumptions

The preparation of the Company's consolidated financial statements requires management to make certain estimates, judgments and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported expenses during the year. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Significant assumptions about the future and other sources of estimation uncertainty that management has made at the end of the reporting period, that could result in a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the event that actual results differ from assumptions made, relate to, but are not limited to, the following:

- i) The inputs used in calculating the fair value for share-based payments expense included in profit or loss and stock-based share issuance costs included in equity. The share-based payments expense and stock-based share issuance costs are estimated using the Black-Scholes options-pricing model as measured on the grant date to estimate the fair value of stock options. This model involves the input of highly subjective assumptions, including the expected price volatility of the Company's common shares, the expected life of the options, and the estimated forfeiture rate.
- ii) The recognition of deferred tax assets. The Company considers whether the realization of deferred tax assets is probable in determining whether or not to recognize these deferred tax assets.

Contingencies

The Company has no contingencies as at the date of this MD&A.

Off Balance Sheet Arrangements

The Company has no off Balance Sheet arrangements as at the date of this MD&A.

Proposed Transactions

The Company has not entered into any undisclosed proposed transactions as at the date of this MD&A.

Investor Relations

The Company has no investor relations contracts as at the date of this MD&A.

CURRENT DATA SHARE

As of November 29, 2021, the Company has:

- a) 207,346,886 common shares issued and outstanding;
- b) 18,675,000 stock options outstanding with a weighted average exercise price of \$0.21, expiring between May 9, 2022 and September 6, 2026; and
- c) 81,284,415 share purchase warrants with exercise prices between \$0.20 and \$0.35 per share, expiring between April 7 and December 30, 2022.

INDUSTRY AND OPERATIONAL RISKS

The Company is subject to a number of risks and uncertainties, the more significant of which are discussed below. Additional risks and uncertainties not presently known to the Company may impact the Company's financial results in the future.

Financing Risks

Being a junior mining exploration company in Canada and in the exploration business means that the Company must raise the necessary financings for future exploration. Those financings depend to a large degree on commodity price trends, general investment sentiment for companies in the sector and the ability of the Company's ability to find and confirm the existence of minerals in sufficient quantities and qualities on its exploration lands. Management is of the view that these risks faced by the Company are not greater than those risk encountered by its peers in Canada.

The Company will require additional financing to conduct exploration on its mineral properties and to fund General and Administration costs. There is no assurance that the Company will be able to raise the required financing through equity financings, debt financings, divestment of its properties or joint venture arrangements. A lack of financing in the future could cause the Company to reduce or postpone exploration spending, reduce exploration and corporate personnel, reduce the size of its mineral property ownership and create going concern issues for the Company.

General Economic Risks

As the Company continues to focus on its exploration in Canada, the operations will be subject to economic, political and social risks inherent in doing business in Canada. The risks come from matters based on policies of the government, economic conditions, changes in tax regime, changes in regulation, foreign exchange fluctuations and other factors that may change in the future.

Environmental Risks

All phases of the Company's operations are subject to environmental regulations and potentially social licensing in the jurisdictions it operates in. World-wide environmental regulation is changing to require stricter standards and enforcement, increased fines for non-compliance, more assessment for projects, and a heightened degree of responsibility for companies and their officers, directors, employees and consultants. Although the company believes that it has taken the proper steps to protect the environment related to its operations, there is no assurance that future changes in environmental regulation in Canada will not adversely affect the Company's operations or result in substantial costs and liabilities in the future.

Aboriginal Claims Risks

Aboriginal peoples have claimed aboriginal title and rights to portions of Canada. The Company is not aware that any claims have been made in respect of its properties and assets; however, if a claim arose and was successful, such claim may have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects.

Other Risks

The level of demand for the Company's exploration is increasingly affected by regional and global demographic and macroeconomic conditions, including population growth rates and changes in standards of living. A significant downturn in global economic growth, or recessionary conditions in major geographic regions, may lead to reduced demand for commodities which could adversely affect the Company's business and results of operations. Additionally, weak global economic conditions and turmoil in global financial markets, including constraints on the availability of credit, have in the past adversely affected, and may in the future continue to adversely affect, the financial condition and creditworthiness of some of the Company's customers, suppliers and other counterparties which in turn may negatively impact the Company's business. Any deterioration in economic conditions due to the current coronavirus concerns, could negatively impact the Company's exploration.

Forward-looking statements

Certain information set forth in this MD&A, including management's assessment of the Company's future plans and operations, contains forward-looking statements, which are based on the Company's current internal expectations, estimates, projections, assumptions and beliefs, which may prove to be incorrect. Some of the forward-looking statements may be identified by words such as "expects", "anticipates", "believes", "projects", "plans" and similar expressions. These statements are not guarantees of future performance and undue reliance should not be placed on them. Such forward-looking statements necessarily involve known and unknown risks and uncertainties, which may cause the Company's actual performance and financial results in future periods to differ materially from any projections of future performance or results expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. The Company is a mineral exploration company and is exposed to a number of risks and uncertainties that are common to companies in the same business. These risks and uncertainties include, among other things, the speculative nature of mineral exploration and development activities, the Company's need for additional funding to continue its exploration efforts, operating hazards and risks incidental to mineral exploration, the Company's properties are in the exploration stage only and do not contain a known body of commercial ore, uncertainties associated with title to mineral properties, changes in general economic, market and business conditions; competition for, among other things, capital, acquisitions of mineral properties and skilled personnel; ability to obtain required mine licenses, mine permits and regulatory approvals required to proceed with mining operations; ability to comply with current and future environmental and other laws; actions by governmental or regulatory authorities including increasing taxes and changes in other regulations; and the occurrence of unexpected events involved in mineral exploration, development and production